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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE SAIE (5)

SEVENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION, 2008

ENROLLED

Senate Bill No. 780

(By Senators Bowman, Bailey, Barnes, Boley, Kessler, McCabe, Minard, Plymale, Sypolt, White and Yoder)

[Passed March 8, 2008; in effect ninety days from passage.]



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OFFICE WEST I POWA SECRETARY OF STATE (1)

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(By Senators Bowman, Bailey, Barnes, Boley, Kessler, McCabe, Minard, Plymale, Sypolt, White and Yoder)

[Passed March 8, 2008; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §6C-2-1, §6C-2-2, §6C-2-3 and §6C-2-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to the West Virginia Public Employees Grievance Procedure; clarifying definitions, general provisions and grievance proceedings; defining "conference" and "level one hearing"; increasing time to hold a level one hearing; deleting mediation-arbitration; adding private arbitration; clarifying level three hearing; and making technical corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §6C-2-1, §6C-2-2, §6C-2-3 and §6C-2-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE.

§6C-2-1. Purpose.

- 1 (a) The purpose of this article is to provide a
- 2 procedure for the resolution of employment grievances
- 3 raised by the public employees of the State of West
- 4 Virginia, except as otherwise excluded in this article.
- 5 (b) Resolving grievances in a fair, efficient, cost-
- 6 effective and consistent manner will maintain good
- 7 employee morale, enhance employee job performance
- 8 and better serve the citizens of the State of West
- 9 Virginia.
- 10 (c) Nothing in this article prohibits the informal
- 11 disposition of grievances by stipulation or settlement
- 12 agreed to in writing by the parties, nor the exercise of
- 13 any hearing right provided in chapter eighteen or
- 14 eighteen-a of this code. Parties to grievances shall at all
- 15 times act in good faith and make every possible effort to
- 16 resolve disputes at the lowest level of the grievance
- 17 procedure.
- 18 (d) Effective the first day of July, two thousand seven,
- 19 any reference in this code to the education grievance
- 20 procedure, the state grievance procedure, article
- 21 twenty-nine, chapter eighteen of this code or article six-
- 22 a, chapter twenty-nine of this code, or any subsection
- thereof, shall be considered to refer to the appropriate
- 24 grievance procedure pursuant to this article.

§6C-2-2. Definitions.

- 1 For the purpose of this article and article three of this
- 2 chapter:
- 3 (a) "Board" means the West Virginia Public
- 4 Employees Grievance Board created in article three of
- 5 this chapter.
- 6 (b) "Chief administrator" means, in the appropriate

- 7 context, the commissioner, chancellor, director, president, secretary or head of any state department, 8 9 board, commission, agency, state institution of higher 10 education, commission or council, the state 11 superintendent, the county superintendent, 12 executive director of a regional educational service agency or the director of a multicounty vocational 13 14 center who is vested with the authority to resolve a 15 grievance. A "chief administrator" includes a designee, 16 with the authority delegated by the chief administrator, 17 appointed to handle any aspect of the grievance 18 procedure as established by this article.
- 19 (c) "Days" means working days exclusive of Saturday, 20 Sunday, official holidays and any day in which the 21 employee's workplace is legally closed under the 22 authority of the chief administrator due to weather or 23 other cause provided for by statute, rule, policy or 24 practice.
- (d) "Discrimination" means any differences in the treatment of similarly situated employees, unless the differences are related to the actual job responsibilities of the employees or are agreed to in writing by the employees.
- 30 (e) (1) "Employee" means any person hired for 31 permanent employment by an employer for a 32 probationary, full- or part-time position.
- 33 (2) A substitute education employee is considered an 34 "employee" only on matters related to days worked or 35 when there is a violation, misapplication or 36 misinterpretation of a statute, policy, rule or written 37 agreement relating to the substitute.
- 38 (3) "Employee" does not mean a member of the West 39 Virginia State Police employed pursuant to article two, 40 chapter fifteen of this code, but does include civilian 41 employees hired by the Superintendent of the State 42 Police. "Employee" does not mean an employee of a 43 constitutional officer unless he or she is covered under 44 the civil service system, an employee of the Legislature

- or a patient or inmate employed by a state institution.
- 46 (f) "Employee organization" means an employee
- 47 advocacy organization with employee members that has
- 48 filed with the board the name, address, chief officer and
- 49 membership criteria of the organization.
- 50 (g) "Employer" means a state agency, department,
- board, commission, college, university, institution, State
- 52 Board of Education, Department of Education, county
- 53 board of education, regional educational service agency
- or multicounty vocational center, or agent thereof, using
- 55 the services of an employee as defined in this section.
- 56 (h) "Favoritism" means unfair treatment of an
- 57 employee as demonstrated by preferential, exceptional
- 58 or advantageous treatment of a similarly situated
- 59 employee unless the treatment is related to the actual
- 60 job responsibilities of the employee or is agreed to in
- 61 writing by the employee.
- 62 (i) (1) "Grievance" means a claim by an employee
- 63 alleging a violation, a misapplication or a
- 64 misinterpretation of the statutes, policies, rules or
- 65 written agreements applicable to the employee
- 66 including:
- 67 (i) Any violation, misapplication or misinterpretation
- 68 regarding compensation, hours, terms and conditions of
- 69 employment, employment status or discrimination;
- 70 (ii) Any discriminatory or otherwise aggrieved
- 71 application of unwritten policies or practices of his or
- 72 her employer;
- 73 (iii) Any specifically identified incident of harassment;
- 74 (iv) Any specifically identified incident of favoritism;
- 75 or
- 76 (v) Any action, policy or practice constituting a
- 77 substantial detriment to or interference with the
- 78 effective job performance of the employee or the health

- 79 and safety of the employee.
- (2) "Grievance" does not mean any pension matter or other issue relating to public employees insurance in accordance with article sixteen, chapter five of this code, retirement or any other matter in which the authority to act is not vested with the employer.
- (j) "Grievance proceeding", "proceeding" or the plural means a conference, level one hearing, mediation, private mediation, private arbitration or level three hearing, or any combination, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
- 90 (k) "Grievant" means an employee or group of 91 similarly situated employees filing a grievance.
- 92 (l) "Harassment" means repeated or continual 93 disturbance, irritation or annoyance of an employee 94 that is contrary to the behavior expected by law, policy 95 and profession.
- 96 (m) "Party", or the plural, means the grievant, 97 intervenor, employer and the Director of the Division of 98 Personnel or his or her designee, for state government 99 employee grievances. The Division of Personnel shall 100 not be a party to grievances involving higher education 101 employees.
- 102 (n) "Representative" means any employee 103 organization, fellow employee, attorney or other person 104 designated by the grievant or intervenor as his or her 105 representative and may not include a supervisor who 106 evaluates the grievant.
- 107 (o) "Reprisal" means the retaliation of an employer 108 toward a grievant, witness, representative or any other 109 participant in the grievance procedure either for an 110 alleged injury itself or any lawful attempt to redress it.

§6C-2-3. Grievance procedure generally.

1 (a) Time limits. —

- (1) An employee shall file a grievance within the time
 limits specified in this article.
- 4 (2) The specified time limits may be extended to a date certain by mutual written agreement and shall be extended whenever a grievant is not working because of accident, sickness, death in the immediate family or other cause for which the grievant has approved leave from employment.

10 (b) Default. —

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- 11 (1) The grievant prevails by default if a required 12 response is not made by the employer within the time 13 limits established in this article, unless the employer is 14 prevented from doing so directly as a result of injury, 15 illness or a justified delay not caused by negligence or 16 intent to delay the grievance process.
- 17 (2) Within ten days of the default, the grievant may 18 file with the chief administrator a written notice of 19 intent to proceed directly to the next level or to enforce 20 the default. If the chief administrator objects to the 21 default, then the chief administrator may, within five 22 days of the filing of the notice of intent, request a hearing before an administrative law judge for the 23 purpose of stating a defense to the default, as permitted 24 by subdivision (1) of this subsection, or showing that the 25 26 remedy requested by the prevailing grievant is contrary 27 to law or contrary to proper and available remedies. In 28 making a determination regarding the remedy, the 29 administrative law judge shall determine whether the 30 remedy is proper, available and not contrary to law.
 - (3) If the administrative law judge finds that the employer has a defense to the default as permitted by subdivision (1) of this subsection or that the remedy is contrary to law or not proper or available at law, the administrative law judge may deny the default or modify the remedy to be granted to comply with the law or otherwise make the grievant whole.

- 39 (1) Untimeliness. Any assertion that the filing of the 40 grievance at level one was untimely shall be made at or 41 before level two.
- 42 (2) Back pay. When it is a proper remedy, back pay
 43 may only be granted for one year prior to the filing of a
 44 grievance, unless the grievant shows, by a
 45 preponderance of the evidence, that the employer acted
 46 in bad faith in concealing the facts giving rise to the
 47 claim for back pay, in which case an eighteen-month
 48 limitation on back pay applies.
- (3) Statutory defense. If a party intends to assert the application of any statute, policy, rule or written agreement as a defense at any level, then a copy of the materials shall be forwarded to all parties.
- 53 (d) Withdrawal and reinstatement of grievance. — An 54 employee may withdraw a grievance at any time by 55 filing a written notice of withdrawal with the chief 56 administrator or the administrative law judge. The 57 grievance may not be reinstated by the grievant unless 58 reinstatement is granted by the chief administrator or 59 the administrative law judge. If more than one 60 employee is named as a grievant, the withdrawal of one 61 employee does not prejudice the rights of any other 62 employee named in the grievance.
- 63 (e) Consolidation and groups of similarly situated 64 employees. —
- 65 (1) Grievances may be consolidated at any level by 66 agreement of all parties or at the discretion of the chief 67 administrator or administrative law judge.

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74 75 (2) Class actions are not permitted. However, a grievance may be filed by one or more employees on behalf of a group of similarly situated employees. Any similarly situated employee shall complete a grievance form stating his or her intent to join the group of similarly situated employees. Only one employee filing a grievance on behalf of similarly situated employees shall be required to participate in the conference or

- 76 level one hearing.
- (f) Intervention. Upon a timely request, any employee may intervene and become a party to a grievance at any level when the employee demonstrates that the disposition of the action may substantially and adversely affect his or her rights or property and that his or her interest is not adequately represented by the existing parties.
- 84 (g) Representation and disciplinary action. —
- (1) An employee may designate a representative who may be present at any step of the procedure as well as at any meeting that is held with the employee for the purpose of discussing or considering disciplinary action.
- 89 (2) An employee may not be compelled to testify 90 against himself or herself in a disciplinary grievance 91 hearing.
- 92 (h) Reprisal. No reprisal or retaliation of any kind 93 may be taken by an employer against a grievant or any 94 other participant in a grievance proceeding by reason of 95 his or her participation. Reprisal or retaliation 96 constitutes a grievance and any person held responsible 97 is subject to disciplinary action for insubordination.
- 98 (i) Improper classification. A supervisor or 99 administrator responsible for a willful act of bad faith 100 toward an employee or who intentionally works an 101 employee out of classification may be subject to 102 disciplinary action, including demotion or discharge.
- 103 (j) Forms. The board shall create the forms for filing grievances, giving notice, taking appeals, making reports and recommendations and all other necessary documents and provide them to chief administrators to make available to any employee upon request.
- 108 (k) *Discovery*. The parties are entitled to copies of all material submitted to the chief administrator or the administrative law judge by any party.

- 111 (1) Notice. — Reasonable notice of a proceeding shall 112 be sent at least five days prior to the proceeding to all 113 parties and their representatives and shall include the 114 date, time and place of the proceeding. If an employer 115 causes a proceeding to be postponed without adequate 116 notice to employees who are scheduled to appear during 117 their normal work day, the employees may not suffer 118 any loss in pay for work time lost.
- 119 (m) Record. — Conferences are not required to be 120 recorded, but all documents admitted and the decision, 121 agreement or report become part of the record. All the 122 testimony at a level one and level three hearing shall be 123 recorded by mechanical means and a copy of the 124 recording provided to any party upon request. The 125 board is responsible for paying for and promptly 126 providing a certified transcript of a level three hearing 127 to the court for a mandamus or appellate proceeding.

(n) Grievance decisions and reports. —

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- 129 (1) Any party may propose findings of fact and conclusions of law within twenty days of an arbitration or a level three hearing.
- (2) A decision, agreement or report shall be dated, in writing, setting forth the reasons for the decision or outcome and transmitted to the parties and, in a private arbitration, to the board, within the time limits prescribed. If the grievance is not resolved, the written decision or report shall include the address and procedure to appeal to the next level.
- 139 (o) Scheduling. All proceedings shall be scheduled during regular work hours in a convenient location accessible to all parties in accommodation to the parties' normal operations and work schedules. By agreement of the parties, a proceeding may be scheduled at any time or any place. Disagreements shall be decided by the administrative law judge.

146 (p) Attendance and preparation. —

- 147 (1) The grievant, witnesses and an employee 148 representative shall be granted reasonable and 149 necessary time off during working hours to attend 150 grievance proceedings without loss of pay and without 151 charge to annual or compensatory leave credits.
- 152 (2) In addition to actual time spent attending grievance proceedings, the grievant and an employee 153 representative shall be granted time off during working 154 hours, not to exceed four hours per grievance, for the 155 156 preparation of the grievance without loss of pay and without charge to annual or compensatory leave credits. 157 158 However, the first responsibility of any employee is the 159 work assigned to the employee. An employee may not 160 allow grievance preparation and representation 161 activities to seriously affect the overall productivity of 162 the employee.
- 163 (3) The grievant and an employee representative shall 164 have access to the employer's equipment for purposes of 165 preparing grievance documents subject to the 166 reasonable rules of the employer governing the use of 167 the equipment for nonwork purposes.
- 168 (4) Disagreements regarding preparation time shall be decided by the administrative law judge.
- 170 (q) Grievance files. —
- 171 (1) All grievance forms, decisions, agreements and 172 reports shall be kept in a file separate from the 173 personnel file of the employee and may not become a 174 part of the personnel file, but shall remain confidential 175 except by mutual written agreement of the parties.
- 176 (2) The grievant may file a written request to have the 177 grievant's identity removed from any files kept by the 178 employer one year following the conclusion of the 179 grievance.
- 180 (r) Number of grievances. The number of grievances 181 filed against an employer by an employee is not, per se, 182 an indication of the employer's or the employee's job

183 performance.

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- 184 (s) *Procedures and rules*. The board shall prescribe
- 185 rules and procedures in compliance with this article,
- 186 article three of this chapter and the State
- 187 Administrative Procedures Act under chapter twenty-
- 188 nine-a of this code for all proceedings relating to the
- 189 grievance procedure.

§6C-2-4. Grievance procedural levels.

- (a) Level one: Chief administrator. —
- 2 (1) Within fifteen days following the occurrence of the
- 3 event upon which the grievance is based, or within
- 4 fifteen days of the date upon which the event became
- 5 known to the employee, or within fifteen days of the
- 6 most recent occurrence of a continuing practice giving
- 7 rise to a grievance, an employee may file a written
- 8 grievance with the chief administrator stating the
- 9 nature of the grievance and the relief requested and
- 10 request either a conference or a hearing. The employee
- shall also file a copy of the grievance with the board.
- 12 State government employees shall further file a copy of
- 13 the grievance with the Director of the Division of
- 14 Personnel.
- 15 (2) Conference. The chief administrator shall hold
- 16 a conference within ten days of receiving the grievance.
- 17 A conference is a private, informal meeting between the
- 18 grievant and the chief administrator to discuss the
- 19 issues raised by the grievance, exchange information
- 20 and attempt to resolve the grievance. The chief
- 21 administrator may permit other employees and
- 22 witnesses to attend and participate in a conference to
- 23 reach a resolution. The chief administrator shall issue
- 24 a written decision within fifteen days of the conference.
- 25 (3) Level one hearing. The chief administrator shall
- 26 hold a level one hearing within fifteen days of receiving
- 27 the grievance. A level one hearing is a recorded
- 28 proceeding conducted in private in which the grievant
- 29 is entitled to be heard and to present evidence; the

- 30 formal rules of evidence and procedure do not apply,
- 31 but the parties are bound by the rules of privilege
- 32 recognized by law. The parties may present and cross-
- 33 examine witnesses and produce documents, but the
- 34 number of witnesses, motions and other procedural
- 35 matters may be limited by the chief administrator. The
- 36 chief administrator shall issue a written decision within
- 37 fifteen days of the level one hearing.
- 38 (4) An employee may proceed directly to level three
- 39 upon the agreement of the parties or when the grievant
- 40 has been discharged, suspended without pay or demoted
- 41 or reclassified resulting in a loss of compensation or
- 42 benefits. Level one and level two proceedings are
- 43 waived in these matters.
- 44 (b) Level two: Alternative dispute resolution. —
- 45 (1) Within ten days of receiving an adverse written
- decision at level one, the grievant shall file a written
- 47 request for mediation, private mediation or private
- 48 arbitration.
- 49 (2) *Mediation*. The board shall schedule the 50 mediation between the parties within twenty days of the
- 51 request. Mediation shall be conducted by an
- 52 administrative law judge pursuant to standard
- 53 mediation practices and board procedures at no cost to
- 54 the parties. Parties may be represented and shall have
- 55 the authority to resolve the dispute. The report of the
- 56 mediation shall be documented in writing within fifteen
- 57 days. Agreements are binding and enforceable in this
- 58 state by a writ of mandamus.
- 59 (3) Private mediation. The parties may agree in
- 60 writing to retain their choice of a private mediator and
- 61 share the cost. The mediator shall schedule the
- 62 mediation within twenty days of the written request
- 63 and shall follow standard mediation practices and any
- 64 applicable board procedures. Parties may be
- 65 represented and shall have the authority to resolve the
- 66 dispute. The report of the mediation shall be
- 67 documented in writing within fifteen days. Agreements

- 68 are binding and enforceable in this state by a writ of 69 mandamus.
- 70 (4) Private arbitration. — The parties may agree, in 71 writing, to retain their choice of a private arbitrator and 72 share the cost. The arbitrator shall schedule the 73 arbitration within twenty days of the written request 74 and shall follow standard arbitration practices and any 75 applicable board procedures. The arbitrator shall 76 render a decision in writing to all parties, setting forth 77 findings of fact and conclusions of law on the issues 78 submitted within thirty days following the arbitration. 79 An arbitration decision is binding and enforceable in 80 this state by a writ of mandamus. The arbitrator shall 81 inform the board, in writing, of the decision within ten 82 days.

83 (c) Level three hearing. —

- (1) Within ten days of receiving a written report stating that level two was unsuccessful, the grievant may file a written appeal with the employer and the board requesting a level three hearing on the grievance. State government employees shall further file a copy of the grievance with the Director of the Division of Personnel.
- 91 (2) The administrative law judge shall conduct all 92 proceedings in an impartial manner and shall ensure 93 that all parties are accorded procedural and substantive 94 due process.
- 95 (3) The administrative law judge shall schedule the 96 level three hearing and any other proceedings or 97 deadlines within a reasonable time in consultation with 98 the parties. The location of the hearing and whether the 99 hearing is to be made public are at the discretion of the 100 administrative law judge.
- 101 (4) The administrative law judge may issue subpoenas 102 for witnesses, limit witnesses, administer oaths and 103 exercise other powers granted by rule or law.

- 104 (5) Within thirty days following the hearing or the 105 receipt of the proposed findings of fact and conclusions 106 of law, the administrative law judge shall render a 107 decision in writing to all parties setting forth findings 108 of fact and conclusions of law on the issues submitted.
- 109 (6) The administrative law judge may make a determination of bad faith and, in extreme instances, allocate the cost of the hearing to the party found to be acting in bad faith. The allocation of costs shall be based on the relative ability of the party to pay the costs.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Mehite Chairman Senate Committee
Chairman House Committee
Originated in the Senate.
In effect ninety days from passage. Clerk of the Senate
Clerk of the House of Delegates
Al Ray Amilla. President of the Senate
Speaker House of Delegates
The within is approved this
the 28th Day of March Jovelin B. Governor

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

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